		(Original Signature of Member)
110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	H.R.	

To promote competition, to preserve the ability of local governments to provide broadband capability and services, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Boucher (for himself and Mr. Upton) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To promote competition, to preserve the ability of local governments to provide broadband capability and services, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Community Broadband
- 5 Act of 2007".

1	SEC. 2. LOCAL GOVERNMENT PROVISION OF ADVANCED
2	COMMUNICATIONS CAPABILITY AND SERV-
3	ICES.
4	No State or local government statute, regulation, or
5	other State or local government legal requirement may
6	prohibit, or have the effect of prohibiting, any public pro-
7	vider from providing advanced communications capability
8	or services to any person or to any public or private entity.
9	SEC. 3. SAFEGUARDS.
10	(a) Competition Neutrality.—A public provider
11	shall not grant any regulatory preference to itself or to
12	any provider of advanced communications capability or
13	service that it owns or with which it is affiliated. Such
14	public provider shall apply its ordinances, rules, and poli-
15	cies, including those relating to the use of public rights-
16	of-way, permitting, performance bonding, procurement,
17	and reporting, without discrimination in favor of any such
18	provider as compared to other providers of such services.
19	(b) Application of General Laws.—Except as
20	provided in section 2 and subsection (a) of this section,
21	nothing in this Act affects any obligation or benefit that
22	a public provider has under any other Federal or State
23	law or regulation.
24	SEC. 4. PUBLIC INPUT.
25	(a) Notice and Opportunity To Be Heard.—Be-

26 fore a public provider may provide advanced communica-

1	tions capability or services to the public, either directly
2	or through a public-private partnership, such public pro-
3	vider shall—
4	(1) publish notice of its intention to do so;
5	(2) generally describe the capability or services
6	to be provided and the proposed coverage area for
7	such capability or services;
8	(3) identify any special capabilities or services
9	to be provided in low-income areas or other demo-
10	graphically or geographically defined areas; and
11	(4) provide local citizens and private-sector en-
12	tities with an opportunity to be heard on the costs
13	and benefits of the project and potential alternatives
14	to it.
15	(b) Application to Existing Projects and
16	Pending Proposals.—Subsection (a) does not apply
17	to—
18	(1) any contract or other arrangement under
19	which a public provider is providing advanced com-
20	munications capability or services to the public as of
21	the date of enactment of this Act; and
22	(2) any public provider proposal to provide ad-
23	vanced communications capability or services to the
24	public that, as of the date of enactment—
25	(A) is in the request-for-proposals process;

1	(B) is in the process of being built; or
2	(C) has been approved by referendum.
3	SEC. 5. EXEMPTIONS.
4	The requirements of sections 3 and 4 do not apply—
5	(1) to a public provider's provision of advanced
6	communications capabilities or services to itself or to
7	another public entity; or
8	(2) during an emergency declared by the Presi-
9	dent, the Governor of the State in which the public
10	provider is located, or any other elected local official
11	authorized by law to declare a state or emergency in
12	the jurisdiction in which the public provider is lo-
13	cated.
14	SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.
15	In this Act:
16	(1) ADVANCED COMMUNICATIONS CAPABILITY
17	OR SERVICES.—The term "advanced communica-
18	tions capability or services" means a capability that
19	enables, or services that enable, users to originate or
20	receive high-quality voice, data, graphics, video or
21	other communications using any broadband tech-
22	nology.
23	(2) Public Provider.—The term "public pro-
24	vider" means a State or political subdivision thereof,
25	any agency, authority, or instrumentality of a State

1	or political subdivision thereof, or any entity that is
2	owned, controlled, or otherwise affiliated with a
3	State, political subdivision thereof, or its agency, au-
4	thority, or instrumentality.
5	(3) STATE.—The term "State" has the mean-
6	ing provided in section 3(a)(40) of the Communica-
7	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153(a)(40))